

We introduce geotourism based on three themes to comprehensively show the attractions of Aso Geopark



Memories of eruptions engraved in the grand caldera

The world-class caldera is the symbol of Aso Geopark. Unique land features and strata have been formed by considerable volcanic activities over the past 270,000 years and by a great eruption that occurred 90,000 years ago. Visitors will learn about such geographical information as well as influences of the eruption on various places in Japan through geosites.

ONakadake Crater: Feeling the breath of the earth



Among the volcanic clusters in the caldera, Nakadake Crater is highlighted because of its repeated and substantial volcanic activities from prehistoric times until the present. We will show you the unique landscape and ecology around Nakadake Crater, and the lives of people who live in symbiosis with the active volcano.

Blessings of the volcanic mountain and people's lives

People who live side by side with a volcano have explored ways to live in harmony with nature in awe of the volcano, and developed their own culture and lifestyle. And nature has brought them abundant blessings like spring water and hot springs which are commonly found in volcanic regions.





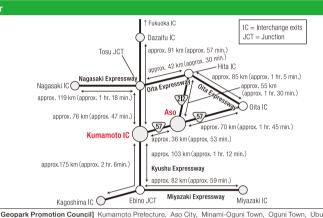
Access to Aso Geopark from each prefecture in Kyushu, Japan

Hakata Sta. Kumam			o Sta.
Kyushu Shinkansen 33 min, or more	Hohi Line/ limited express approx, 43 min,	Hohi Line/limited express approx, 24 min,	
	Minaminan D	ailway - approx, 30 min. Takar	mori Sta.
From Saga City	Williamiason	ainway - approx. 30 mm.	
Saga Sta. Shin-Tosu	Sta. Kumamo	to Sta. Taten	o Sta. Aso Sta.
Nagasaki Line/ limited express approx. 14 min.	Kyushu Shinkansen approx.25 min.	Hohi Line/ limited express approx. 43 min.	Hohi Line/limited express approx. 24 min.
		Minamiaso Raile	vay - approx, 30 min. Takamori Sta.
From Nagasaki City		Thinding of talk	approxi oo mini
Nagasaki Sta. Shin-Tosu	Sta. Kumamo	to Sta. Taten	o Sta. Aso Sta.
Nagasaki Line/ limited express	Kyushu Shinkansen	Hohi Line/ limited express	Hohi Line/limited express
1 hr. 32 min.	approx. 25 min.	43 min.	24 min.
From Oita City		Minamiaso Railw	vay - approx. 30 min. Takamori Sta.
Oita Sta. Bungo-Tak	eda Sta. Aso :	Sta.	
Hohi Line/limited express 1 hr. 3 min.	Hohi Line/limited express 42 min.		
From Miyazaki City			
Miyazaki Sta Shin-Yatsus	hiro Sta. Kuman	noto Sta. Tater	no Sta. — Aso Sta.
Highway Express Bus"B&S Miyazaki" approx, 2 hr. 10 min.	Kyushu Shinkansen 11 min. or more	Hohi Line/limited express approx. 43 min.	Hohi Line/ limited express approx. 24 min.
		Minamiaso Railw	vay - approx, 30 min. Takamori Sta.
From Kagoshima City			

From Fukuoka City

approx. 1 hr. 44 min./ 100 round trips a day

Kumamoto City → Aso Sta. From Oita City — approx. 2 hr./10 round trips a day

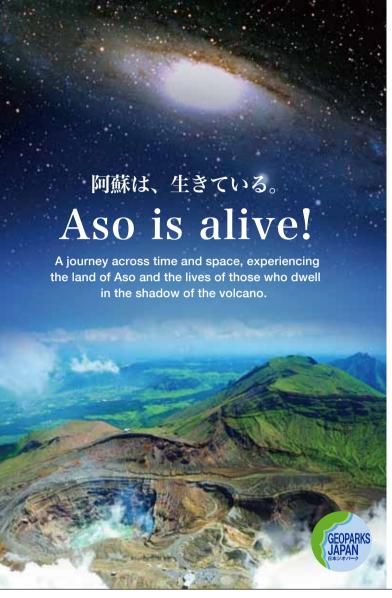






Geotourism Course map

Blessings of the Aso Volcano ~Ancient life and Water~





The Land of Aso Volcano and the **Lives of Its People**

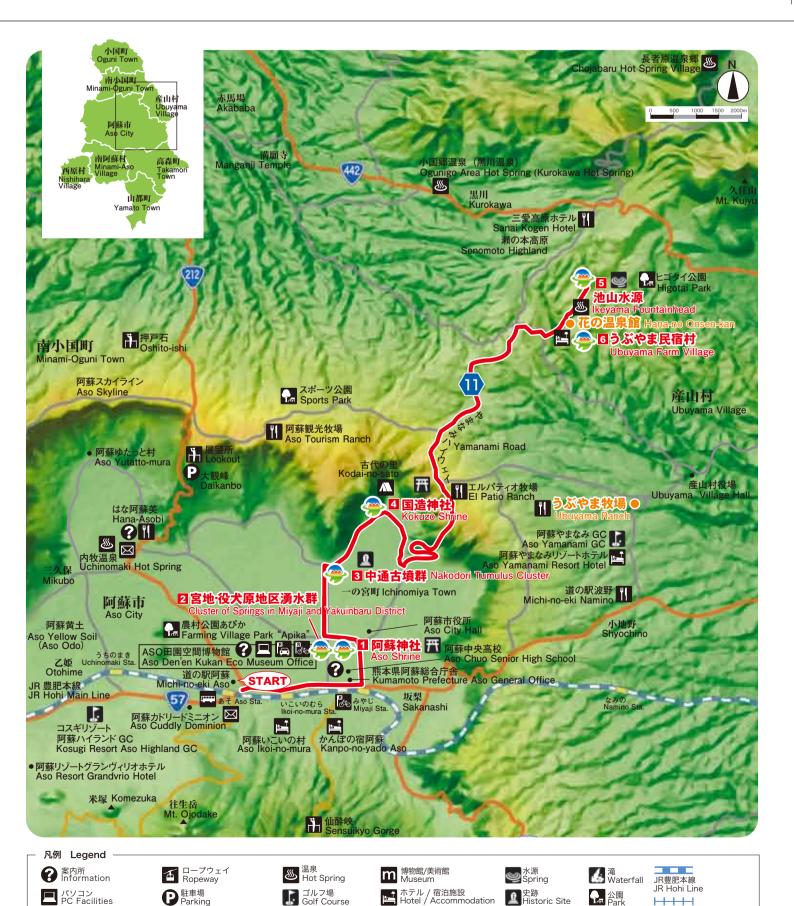
The Aso Caldera is situated in central Kyushu, Japan. It is one of the largest calderas in the world, covering a total area of 350 km and measuring 18 km east-west and 25 km north-south in width. In the caldera are the five peaks of Mt. Aso: Mt. Takadake, Mt. Nekodake, Mt. Kijimadake, Mt. Eboshidake, and the still-fuming Mt.Nakadake. There also lie volcanic clusters consisting of various mountains. A plain spreads at the foot of the mountain range from north to south. Surrounding the plain and volcanic clusters, the outer rims form a gently-sloping pyroclastic plateau. This unique geography is formed by the Aso volcano, which has displayed repeated volcanic activities since approximately 270,000 years ago. The major theme of Aso Geopark is to provide visitors

with information about the geological history of the Aso volcano and its relation to the lives of people: how they have enjoyed the bounties of the earth, engaged in their livelihood, and developed a unique culture and landscape.



■What is the "Geopark"?

By observing the earth and nature scientifically, we define a place of scientific importance as a geopark, where many valuable and beautiful natural heritages exist such as strata, rocks, topography, volcano, and faults. A geopark values conservation and utilization of geological heritages. It is a place for people to become familiar with "geo" (the earth), learn about its history and mechanisms, and think about its relation to ecology as well as human life through natural heritages including the culture of the people in the area. Geoparks are promoted around the world by the Global Geoparks Network (GGN), which was established in 2004 and is supported by UNESCO.





Enjoy country style in a pastureland **Ubuyama Ranch**

レンタル電動アシスト付き自転車 郵便局 Electric Bicycle Rental Post Office

レンタカー Car Rental

In the vast ranch with a windmill, you can mingle with animals, make ice cream, and try horseback riding. You can also enjoy red cattle beef dishes in the restaurant.

[TEL] 0967-25-2900



展望地/景勝地 Viewpoint

神社 Shrine

Greeted by a variety of flowers in each season

Hana-no-onsen-kan Hot spring facility in an idyllic rural setting in Ubuyama Village. You can enjoy various kinds of hot spring baths such as open-air bath, herb bath cold spring, or sauna. [TEL] 0967-25-2341

トヤンプ場 Camp Site

W レストラン Restaurant



南阿蘇鉄道 Minami Aso Railway Line

ジオツーリズムコース Geotourism Course



Blessings of the Aso Volcano~Ancient life and Water~

Abundant underwater gushes forth from the ground, which is composed of deposited volcanic ash, lava and pyroclastic flows from past eruptions. By visiting headsprings and venerable shrines, let us cast a spotlight on people's lives that have been inherited by generations since ancient times.

START JR Aso Station / Michi-no-eki Aso ▼ 15 min. 10min. **Aso Shrine Aso City** ▼ 5 min. **Cluster of Springs in** Miyaji and Yakuinbaru District Transportation: private car or rental car Time required: 4~5 hr.

Aso Shrine



Twelve deities, including "Takeiwatatsuno-mikoto", are enshrined here. It is an old imperial shrine that has more than 500 branch shrines nationwide. Six structures, namely the First Shinden or sanctuary, the Second Shinden, the Third Shinden, Romon Gate, Miyukimon Gate, and Kangyomon Gate are designated as important national cultural assets.

Cluster of Springs in Miyaji and Yakuinbaru District (Aso City)

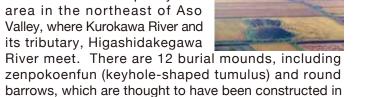


In the wide area ranging from Miyaji to Yakuinbaru, there are a number of springheads. The water is considered to be replenished mainly on the northern hillside of the central volcanic cones, which is utilized for daily life and irrigation.

Nakadori Tumulus Cluster

The largest cluster of ancient burial mounds dot a paddy field area in the northeast of Aso Valley, where Kurokawa River and its tributary, Higashidakegawa

the first half of the 5th century.



Nakadori Tumulus Cluster Aso City ▼ 5 min. **Kokuzo Shrine Aso City 3**0 min. Ubuyama Ikeyama Fountainhead Village Ubuyama **Ubuyama Farm Village** Village

Kokuzo Shrine

Hayamikatamano-mikoto, who is the first son of Takeiwatatsuno-mikoto, and three other deities are enshrined in this venerable shrine. Situated in the north

of Aso Shrine, it is also called Kitamiya (North Shrine). "Teno-no-Osugi (large cedar in Teno), which was once a state natural monument, is preserved.



Ikeyama Fountainhead



Ikeyama Fountainhead is one of the 'top 100 waters' in Japan, selected by the Ministry of the Environment. The water temperature is 13.5 °C and the volume of spring is as abundant as 30 tons per minute. The spring water becomes the Tamaraigawa River and flows into the Onogawa River, which runs into Beppu Bay in Oita Prefecture.

Ubuyama Farm Village (Ubuyama Village)

"Ubuyama Farm Village" was initiated by local farmers who entertained tourists with homemade dishes at their farm houses. Visitors can enjoy a variety of local cuisine with more than 30 kinds of pickles and red cattle beef which are lovingly prepared by farm wives.

